Goal: All waters in Minnesota be fishable and swimmable (100%).

This metric is based on Minnesota's level of attainment toward state and national goals for the Clear have all waters be fishable and swimmable. It is yellow because a moderate number (60%) of Minnes and streams support swimming and fishing.			te and national goals for the Clean Water Act to
WATER	RED	YELLOW	GREEN
Ń	Less than 40% of lakes and	40 to 70% of lakes and streams	Greater than 70% lakes and streams support
RIVER	streams support swimming	support swimming and fishing	swimming and fishing
N	and fishing		
	DOWN ARROW	FLAT ARROW	UP ARROW
AND		Work continues to complete	
βA		the first round of lake	
AKES		monitoring across the state.	
-AF		Beginning in 2019, trends will	
_		become available.	

Goal: Reduce per capita water consumption use by 1.5% per year.

This is metric based on water consumption data. It is yellow because our goal is to reduce per capita water consumption use by 1.5% per year and we are close to, but not exceeding, that goal. This metric is trending flat because average water consumption per capita over a ten-year period is not decreasing fast enough to ensure we continue to meet this goal.

111			
USE	RED	YELLOW	GREEN
ER	Per capita water consumption	Per capital water consumption	Decreasing per capita water consumption –
AT	increasing > .5% per year.	change between +.5% to -	exceeding 1.5 percent per year.
Ň		1.5% per year.	
-	DOWN ARROW	FLAT ARROW	UP ARROW
	10-year linear trend line for	10-year linear trend line for	10-year linear trend line for rolling 3-year
	rolling 3-year average of per	rolling 3-year average per	average per capita water consumption has a
	capita water consumption has	capita water consumption has	negative slope of at least -500 gal.
	a positive slope of at least 500	a slope of between 500 gal.	
	gal. per person	and -500 gal.	

Goal: 100% of private wells are below the Health Risk Limit (HRL) for nitrate.

This metric is based on Minnesota Department of Agriculture's private well monitoring network for nitrate in two vulnerable areas of the state (southeast and central Minnesota) to determine nitrate concentrations and trends. It is red because 96% of the private wells sampled in central Minnesota and 89% of private wells sampled in southeast Minnesota are below the state's Health Risk Limit (HRL). This metric is trending flat because there is no statistically significant upward or downward trend in the percentage of wells below the HRL.

Щ	RED	YELLOW	GREEN
NITRATE	<98% -nitrate below the HRL in	≥ 98% nitrate below the HRL in	100% nitrate below the HRL in Central
	Central	Central	100% nitrate below the HRL in SE
2	<95% -below the HRL in SE	≥95% nitrate below the HRL in	
		SE	
	DOWN ARROW	FLAT ARROW	UP ARROW
	Statistically significant	No statistically significant	Statistically significant upward trend in nitrate
	downward trend in nitrate	upward or downward trend in	concentrations.
	concentrations.	nitrate concentrations.	
	concentrations.	nitrate concentrations.	

WATER

0 miles), is the to historic as been			
folling 5-year			
pe of at least 1			
. We want to			
ition and 28.06 acres and up because the			
sons is less than			
).5% downward			
)			
Greater Minnesota recycling goal =35% of generated waste.			
This metric is red because we are not meeting our recycling goals as a state. Currently, as a state we recycle			
approximately 43.2% of all waste in Minnesota. Currently, the Twin Cities recycles 43.4% of waste; Greater			
Minnesota (up from the 2017 report) recycles 43% . The arrow is flat because recycling and organics management			
-			
Management			
ement rates are			

LAND

Goal: Zero air quality alert days in Minnesota.

AIR QAULTIY INDEX

ASTHMA

AIR

This metric is based on number of days per year with air quality alerts. It is green because Minnesota has experienced very few air quality alerts and we could get closer to the goal of zero air quality alert days. This metric is trending up because the average number of air quality alert days over the last three years is more than 2 days fewer than the average number of alert days from the previous 3-years.

DED	VELLOW/	ODEEN
RED	YELLOW	GREEN
19 or more days of unhealthy air	8 to 18 days of unhealthy air (2-5% of	7 or less days of unhealthy air (<2% of
(>5% of days)	days)	days)
DOWN ARROW	FLAT ARROW	UP ARROW
Average number of air quality	Difference in average alert days	Average number of air quality alert
alert days over the last 3-years is	between the most recent 3-years and	days over the last three years is more
more than 2 days greater than	the previous 3-years is less than or	than 2 days fewer than the average
the average number of alert days	equal to 2 days.	number of alert days from the
from the previous 3-years.		previous 3-years.
	(>5% of days) DOWN ARROW Average number of air quality alert days over the last 3-years is more than 2 days greater than the average number of alert days	19 or more days of unhealthy air (>5% of days)8 to 18 days of unhealthy air (2-5% of days)DOWN ARROWFLAT ARROWAverage number of air quality alert days over the last 3-years is more than 2 days greater than the average number of alert daysDifference in average alert days between the most recent 3-years and the previous 3-years is less than or equal to 2 days.

Goal: The goal is to reduce asthma Emergency Room (ER) visits.

This metric is tied to the number of asthma ER visits within three age groups (0-4, 5-64, and 65+). There is a target goal for reducing asthma ER visits in each of these groups. The metric is yellow because Minnesota is only meeting targets for two of the three age groups. This metric is trending flat because the 2016 data—which is the most recent-does not show improvement compared to the previous year. In 2015, Minnesota was also meeting two of the three age group goals.

Ê	RED	YELLOW	GREEN
	Meeting 0 of 3 age group targets	Meeting 1 or 2 age group targets	Meeting all 3 age group targets
	DOWN ARROW	FLAT ARROW	UP ARROW
	Meeting fewer age group targets	Meeting the same number of age	Meeting more age group targets than
	than previous year	group targets as previous year	previous year

Goal: Double transit ridership in the Twin Cities (2003 to 2030) and meet 90% of demand for transit in Greater Minnesota counties.

Annual targets for statewide transit ridership are calculated by adding together separate targets for the Twin Cities metro-area and Greater Minnesota. The basis of the metro-area target is the Met Council's 2030 Transportation Policy Plan (TPP), which set the goal of doubling 2003 ridership by 2030¹. The basis of the Greater Minnesota target is a legislative requirement that transit service providers in Greater Minnesota counties provide service sufficient to meet 90% of estimated demand for transit by 2025. Transit ridership did not exceed 2015 targets in both the metroarea and Greater Minnesota, but year-over-year growth was significantly less than the pace needed to achieve the longer-term goals.

¹ This goal was not included in the 2040 TPP	and will be reassessed as part of a future TPP update	2.
RED	YELLOW	GREEN
Statewide ridership <u>less</u> than 95% of targeted ridership; AND Statewide ridership growth <u>less</u> than targeted growth.	Statewide ridership <u>less</u> than 95% of targeted ridership; BUT statewide ridership growth <u>greater</u> than targeted growth. Statewide ridership <u>greater</u> than 95% of targeted ridership; BUT statewide ridership growth <u>less</u> than targeted growth.	Statewide ridership <i>greater</i> than 95% of targeted ridership; AND Statewide ridership growth <i>greater</i> than targeted growth.
DOWN ARROW	FLAT ARROW	UP ARROW
Growth < 0	Growth \geq 0 but less than targeted growth.	Growth > targeted growth

Goal: Minnesota achieved 25% renewable energy in 2018 and is on track to surpass its renewable electricity standard of 28.5% by 2025. The state has the potential to go much further.

This metric is green because 100% of reporting utilities are met this goal, however the opportunity exists to go much further towards a 50% goal. This metric is trending upward because 100% of reporting utilities are on track to supply 25% of energy supply from renewable energy by 2025.

11 5 55		
RED	YELLOW	GREEN
Less than 80% of reporting	80% -100% of reporting utilities are on	100% of reporting utilities are on
utilities are on track to meet or exceed 25% by 2025.	track to meet 25% by 2025.	track to meet or exceed 25% by 2025.
DOWN ARROW	FLAT ARROW	UP ARROW
100% of reporting utilities are	100% of reporting utilities are only on	100% of reporting utilities are on
not on track to meet the 25%	track to meet 25% by 2025.	track to exceed the 25% RPS.
by 2025.		

Goal: Reduce household energy use to help meet Next Generation Energy Goals.

Minnesota is making its homes more energy efficient, however, energy consumption continues to increase with the growth in air conditioning use, appliances, and personal devices. This metric is green because household energy use in Minnesota has decreased by 1% or more. This metric is trending up because there has been three consecutive years in which there was a decrease in household energy use.

	55	
RED	YELLOW	GREEN
+1% HH residential energy use	-1 to 0% HH residential energy use (EIA	-1% and below HH residential
(EIA data)	data)	energy use (EIA data)
DOWN ARROW	FLAT ARROW	UP ARROW
3 consecutive years of +1% HH residential energy use demonstrates a downward trend (which would be signified by an upward trend line in the graphical representation of use)	3 consecutive years of -1 to 0% HH residential energy use which indicate a steady trend of no significant change.	3 consecutive years of -1% and below HH residential use demonstrates an upward trend (which would be signified by a downward trend line in the graphical representation of use)

Goal: Reduce transportation fuel use at a pace sufficient to support the state's greenhouse gas reduction goals.

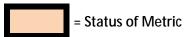
Transportation fuel use is evaluated by comparing actual fuel use in a given year to a fuel use target that aligns with Next Generation Energy Act greenhouse gas reduction goals. Converted to transportation fuel use, these goals call for reductions in transportation fuel use equal to 15 percent of 2005 levels by 2015 and 25 percent of 2005 levels by 2025.

RED	YELLOW	GREEN
Total transportation fuel use	Total transportation fuel use greater than	Total transportation fuel use less
greater than targeted fuel use and	targeted fuel use but year-over-year decrease	than targeted fuel use and year-over-
year-over-year decrease less than	in fuel use greater than the targeted year-	year decrease in fuel use greater
targeted decrease.	over-year decrease OR Total transportation	than targeted year-over-year
	fuel use less than targeted fuel use but year-	decrease
	over-year decrease in fuel use less than	
	targeted year-over-year decrease	
DOWN ARROW	FLAT ARROW	UP ARROW
Year-over year increase in fuel use	Year-over-year decrease in fuel use less than	Year-over-year decrease in fuel use
	targeted year-over-year decrease.	greater than targeted year-over-year
		decrease

RENEWABLE ENERGY 25%

HOUSEHOLD ENERGY

TRANSPORTATION FUEL USE



This metric is red because statewide low temperatures have been increasing rapidly in Minnesota. This metric is trending down because the rate of low temperature increases has accelerated in more recent decades, i.e. the statewide low temperature trend in the last 50 is worse than the trends between 1895-2015.

Ra I	statewide low temperature trend in the last 50 is worse than the trends between 1035-2013.		
	RED	YELLOW	GREEN
and	1895-2015 statewide low	1895-2015 statewide low temperatures	1895-2015 statewide low
at a	temperatures increasing by	increasing by less than 0.2° F per decade	temperatures either not
(Heat	average rate of at least 0.2° F		changing or decreasing
	per decade		(indicating that nighttime
IRE			warming has stopped or been
TEMPERATURE			reversed)
RA	DOWN ARROW	FLAT ARROW	UP ARROW
Ы	Statewide low temperature	Statewide low temperature trend for	Statewide low temperature trend
Σ	trend for most recent 50 years	most recent 50 years <u>is positive or</u>	for most recent 50 years <u>is less</u>
Ë	is positive and exceeds 1895-	<u>neutral</u> and <u>is within</u> +/- 0.05° F of 1895-	<u>than</u> 1895-2015 trend by more
	2015 trend by more than 0.05°	2015 trend.	than 0.05° F. Any negative trend
	F per decade		(cooling) gets this designation
			automatically.

Goal: Next Generation Energy Act of 2007 GHG goals.

This metric shows progress toward meeting the Greenhouse Gas reduction goals in the Next Generation Energy Act of 2007. It is <u>red because Minnesota had only an 12% reduction in GHG emissions since 2005</u> which is much less than <u>80% of the reduction necessary</u> to be on track to meet the Next Generation Energy Act Reduction Goal. While progress has been made and the steps we have taken mean that total emissions are not increasing above the baseline, the trend over the past five years (2009-2016) shows flat emissions. MPCA. (published December 2018) Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reduction: Biennial report to the Minnesota Legislature. Available at: <u>https://www.pca.state.mn.us/air/greenhouse-gas-emissions-minnesota-0</u>

GHG	December 2018) Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reduction: Biennial report to the Minnesota Legislature. Available at: <u>https://www.pca.state.mn.us/air/greenhouse-gas-emissions-minnesota-0</u>			
U	RED	YELLOW	GREEN	
	Less than 80% of Next	80%-100% of Next Generation Energy Act	Meeting or better than Next	
	Generation Energy Act	Reduction Goal	Generation Energy Act Reduction	
	Reduction Goal		Goal	
	DOWN ARROW	FLAT ARROW	UP ARROW	
	Emissions increasing, positive	Emissions flat, insignificant slope	Decreasing emissions, negative	
	slope of 5-year linear trend.		slope	

Goal: Healthy and stable cisco population

This metric is based on the health of cisco populations. Cisco is a main food source for walleye and trout. The metric is yellow because cisco abundance is low compared to historic levels but not yet dangerously low. The metric is trending downward because populations have declined over a ten-year period.

RED	YELLOW	GREEN
Mean fish per net, less than 1	Mean fish per net: greater than 1 less	Mean fish per net: 5 or greater
	than 5	
DOWN ARROW	FLAT ARROW	UP ARROW
Based on a ten-year trend line	Based on a ten-year trend line for cisco	Based on a ten-year trend line for
for cisco abundance trend	abundance trend (mean fish per net of	cisco abundance trend (mean fish
(mean fish per net of sampled	sampled lakes) - A flat linear trend with	per net of sampled lakes) - A
lakes) - A negative linear trend	slope between -0.1 and 0.1	positive linear trend with slope of
with slope of less than -0.1		more than 0.1

CLIMATE

CISCO POPULATION

ainfall)